

Year Ten

Drama

Bourgeoisie

The middle class, typically with reference to its perceived materialistic values or conventional attitudes.

Proletariat

Working-class people regarded collectively (often used with reference to Marxism).

Duality

The quality or state of having two different or opposite parts or elements.

Socialism

An economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state.

Capitalism

An economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state.

Feminism

The advocacy of women's rights on the basis of the equality of the sexes.

Deadly Sins

(In Christian tradition) a sin regarded as leading to damnation, especially one of a traditional list of seven.

Social Responsibility

Individuals and companies have a duty to act in the best interests of their environment and society as a whole.

Quest

A long or arduous search for something.

Omniscient

All-knowing.

Year Ten

Language Paper One

Semantic Field

Lexical set of semantically related items.

Determiner

A modifying word that determines the kind of reference a noun or noun group has, for example a, the, every.

Dialogue/Speech

A conversation between two or more people as a feature of a book, play, or film

Opener/Endings

Structural features that open and close a text. Used to entice and intrigue the reader.

Shift of Focus

To move your attention to a different key point or topic.

Zoom

To zone in and focus on a particular word, phrase or technique.

Narrative Viewpoint

The perspective of the narrator.

Embed

To place information such as quotes from a text, into another piece of work with a natural flow.

Evoke

To bring or recall a feeling, memory, or image to the conscious mind.

Unearth

To discover a feeling, memory, image or though by investigation, analysis or searching.

Year Ten

Poetry

Analogy

A comparison between one thing and another, typically for the purpose of explanation or clarification.

Rhyming Couplet

A rhyming pair of successive lines of verse, typically of the same length.

Quatrain

A stanza of four lines, especially one having alternate rhymes.

Assonance

Resemblance of sound between syllables of nearby words, arising particularly from the rhyming of two or more stressed vowels.

Free verse

Poetry that does not rhyme or have a regular rhythm.

Pun

A joke exploiting the different possible meanings of a word or the fact that there are words which sound alike but have different meanings.

Diction

A literary device that allows a writer to carefully choose words and vocabulary to communicate to the reader as well as establish specific voice or writing style.

Refrain

Stop oneself from doing something.

Anapaest

A metrical foot consisting of two short or unstressed syllables followed by one long or stressed syllable.

Caesura

A break between words within a metrical foot or near the middle of a line.

Dactyl

A metrical foot consisting of one stressed syllable followed by two unstressed syllables or one long syllable followed by two short syllables.

Elision

The omission of a sound or syllable when speaking (as in I'm, let's).

Iamb

A metrical foot consisting of one short (or unstressed) syllable followed by one long (or stressed) syllable.

Sestet

The last six lines of a sonnet.

Tercet

A set or group of three lines of verse rhyming together or connected by rhyme with an adjacent triplet.

Year Ten

Jekyll and Hyde

Immoral

Not conforming to accepted standards of morality.

Dichotomy

A division or contrast between two things that are or are represented as being opposed or entirely different

Antithesis

A person or thing that is the direct opposite of someone or something else.

Duality

The quality or state of having two different or opposite parts or elements.

Repression

The action of subduing someone or something by force.

Reputable

Having a good reputation.

Satanic

Having the characteristic of Satan.

Primal

Relating to an early stage in evolutionary development; primeval.

Polar Twin

The evil nature and the good nature, that are in a continual battle for supremacy in an individual.

Phenomena

A remarkable person or thing; a situation that causes question.